

Sec.
2797c.

Definitions.

SUBCHAPTER VIII—CHEMICAL OR BIOLOGICAL
WEAPONS PROLIFERATION

2798. Sanctions against certain foreign persons.
- (a) Imposition of sanctions.
 - (b) Consultations with and actions by foreign government of jurisdiction.
 - (c) Sanctions.
 - (d) Termination of sanctions.
 - (e) Waiver.
 - (f) "Foreign person" defined.

SUBCHAPTER IX—TRANSFER OF CERTAIN CFE
TREATY-LIMITED EQUIPMENT TO NATO MEMBERS

2799. Purpose.
2799a. CFE Treaty obligations.
2799b. Authorities.
- (a) General authority.
 - (b) Acceptance of NATO assistance in eliminating direct costs of transfers.
 - (c) Acceptance of NATO assistance in meeting certain United States obligations.
 - (d) Authority to transfer on grant basis.
 - (e) Third country transfers restrictions.
 - (f) Maintenance of military balance in Eastern Mediterranean.
 - (g) Expiration of authority.
- 2799c. Notifications and reports to Congress.
- (a) Notifications.
 - (b) Annual reports.
- 2799d. Definitions.

SUBCHAPTER X—NUCLEAR NONPROLIFERATION
CONTROLS

- 2799aa. Nuclear enrichment transfers.
- (a) Prohibitions; safeguards and management.
 - (b) Certification by President of necessity of continued assistance; disapproval by Congress.
- 2799aa-1. Nuclear reprocessing transfers, illegal exports for nuclear explosive devices, transfers of nuclear explosive devices, and nuclear detonations.
- (a) Prohibitions on assistance to countries involved in transfer of nuclear reprocessing equipment, materials, or technology; exceptions; procedures applicable.
 - (b) Prohibitions on assistance to countries involved in transfer or use of nuclear explosive devices; exceptions; procedures applicable.
 - (c) "Non-nuclear-weapon state" defined.
- 2799aa-2. "Nuclear explosive device" defined.

CHAPTER REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This chapter is referred to sections 2272, 2291, 2291e, 2291f, 2304, 2311, 2318, 2321h, 2321i, 2349a, 2349aa-2, 2364, 2370a, 2373, 2394-1, 2413, 2414, 2423, 2778a, 3402, 5603, 5605, 6003 of this title; title 10 sections 130, 2344, 2350b, 2350c; title 12 section 635; title 15 section 4605; title 18 section 2516; title 26 section 901; title 29 sections 1662d, 1662d-1; title 49 section 44908; title 50 section 415.

SUBCHAPTER I—FOREIGN AND NATIONAL
SECURITY POLICY OBJECTIVES AND RE-
STRAINTS

**§ 2751. Need for international defense coopera-
tion and military export controls; Presi-
dential waiver; report to Congress; arms
sales policy**

As declared by the Congress in the Arms Control and Disarmament Act [22 U.S.C. 2551 et seq.], an ultimate goal of the United States continues to be a world which is free from the scourge of war and the dangers and burdens of armaments; in which the use of force has been subordinated to the rule of law; and in which international adjustments to a changing world are achieved peacefully. In furtherance of that goal, it remains the policy of the United States to encourage regional arms control and disarmament agreements and to discourage arms races.

The Congress recognizes, however, that the United States and other free and independent countries continue to have valid requirements for effective and mutually beneficial defense relationships in order to maintain and foster the environment of international peace and security essential to social, economic, and political progress. Because of the growing cost and complexity of defense equipment, it is increasingly difficult and uneconomic for any country, particularly a developing country, to fill all of its legitimate defense requirements from its own design and production base. The need for international defense cooperation among the United States and those friendly countries to which it is allied by mutual defense treaties is especially important, since the effectiveness of their armed forces to act in concert to deter or defeat aggression is directly related to the operational compatibility of their defense equipment.

Accordingly, it remains the policy of the United States to facilitate the common defense by entering into international arrangements with friendly countries which further the objective of applying agreed resources of each country to programs and projects of cooperative exchange of data, research, development, production, procurement, and logistics support to achieve specific national defense requirements and objectives of mutual concern. To this end, this chapter authorizes sales by the United States Government to friendly countries having sufficient wealth to maintain and equip their own military forces at adequate strength, or to assume progressively larger shares of the costs thereof, without undue burden to their economies, in accordance with the restraints and control measures specified herein and in furtherance of the security objectives of the United States and of the purposes and principles of the United Nations Charter.

It is the sense of the Congress that all such sales be approved only when they are consistent with the foreign policy interests of the United States, the purposes of the foreign assistance program of the United States as embodied in the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended [22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.], the extent and character of the military requirement, and the economic and financial capability of the recipient country, with particular regard being given, where appro-